

education

Department:
Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

DANCE STUDIES

NOVEMBER 2009

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 13 pages.



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INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This paper consists of THREE sections:
 - SECTION A History
 - SECTION B Music
 - SECTION C Anatomy and Health Care
- 2. Read through the whole paper carefully before you answer it, including these instructions.
- 3. Answer ALL the questions.
- 4. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- Leave THREE lines after each QUESTION.
- 6. Start EACH SECTION on a NEW page.
- 7. Marks are NOT allocated according to the principle of 'one mark per fact,' but according to the quality of your answer.
- 8. Let the marking rubrics included guide you.
- 9. The prescribed Dance Works and Choreographers are listed on page 3. You may not write about works that are not listed, EXCEPT IN QUESTION 3.
- 10. Write neatly and legibly.



LIST OF PRESCRIBED CHOREOGRAPHERS AND THEIR DANCE WORKS – DANCE THEORY GRADE 12

You must answer QUESTIONS 4, 5 and 6 from the prescribed list below.

SOUTH AFRICAN CHOREOGRAPHERS	DANCE WORKS
Veronica Paeper	Orpheus in the Underworld
Vincent Mantsoe	Gula Matari
Alfred Hinkel	Last Dance (Bolero)
Sylvia Glasser	Tranceformations
Gary Gordon	Bessie's Head
Mavis Becker	Flamenco de Africa
Hazel Acosta	Blood Wedding
Caroline Holden	Imagenes

INTERNATIONAL CHOREOGRAPHERS	DANCE WORKS	
George Balanchine	Apollo or Agon	
Alvin Ailey	Revelations	
Martha Graham	Appalachian Spring or Lamentation	
Christopher Bruce	Ghost Dancers or Rooster	
Marius Petipa and Lev Ivanhof	Swan Lake	
Vaslav Nijinski	Le Sacre du Printemps	
Paul Taylor	Esplanade	



SECTION A: DANCE HISTORY AND THEORY

QUESTION 1

You are given a project to go out into an area/community other than your own.

Design a dance project that will meet their identified needs. Your answer must include the following information, written in the order below:

- 1.1 Explain the needs of the community to motivate your project.
- 1.2 Explain how your project will make a difference in that area/community.
- 1.3 Identify the age group you will be targeting.
- 1.4 Design the activities that the target group will be involved with, as well as the schedule.
- 1.5 Identify the facilities and resources that will be needed for the project.
- 1.6 Identify ways to raise funds for the project.
- 1.7 How would you go about marketing the project?

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 1.

1 – 4 WEAK	5-8 ADEQUATE	9 – 11 GOOD	12 – 15 OUTSTANDING
Learner could not	Learner was able to	Learner was able to	Learner was able to identify
identify the needs of	vaguely identify the	identify the needs of the	the needs of the community
the community to	needs of the	community to motivate	to motivate the project.
motivate the project.	community to motivate	the project. Identified the	Learner clearly identified the
Some parts of the	the project. The action	age group targeted. Able	age group targeted. Able to
action plan given are	plan of how the	to give an action plan of	give an excellent clear
not relevant to how this	project will benefit the	how the project will	action plan of how the
project can benefit the	community was vague	benefit the community.	project will benefit the
community selected.	and superficial.	Learner has a suitable	selected community.
Learner could not give	Learner gave a vague	marketing and funding	Clearly stated how funds will
a marketing and	marketing and funding	plan. Learner was able	be raised and had a clear
funding plan. Learner	plan. Learner could	to give clear points as to	marketing strategy. Learner
did not motivate how	not motivate how this	how this project will use	gave meaningful points as to
this project would use	project will use dance	dance effectively to	how this project will use
dance effectively to	effectively to make a	make a difference to the	dance effectively to make a
make a difference to	difference to the	selected community.	difference to the selected
the selected	selected community.		community.
community.			

[15]



Choreography and improvisation form a large part of your practical dance examination. Answer the following questions using the numbering system below:

- 2.1 What are the important facts you should consider when planning and organising your choreography?
- 2.2 How does improvisation help to develop your ability as a dancer and a choreographer?

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 2.

1 – 2 WEAK	3-5 ADEQUATE	6-7 GOOD	8-10 OUTSTANDING
Learner has hardly any	Learner has some	Learner understands	Learner has a thorough
knowledge of the	knowledge of the	how to plan	understanding of how to plan
planning of	planning of	choreography. Can	choreography. Able to identify
choreography. The	choreography.	identify how	and give relevant examples of
answer reflects little	Vaguely explains	improvisation can	how improvisation can
understanding of the	how improvisation	develop a dancer. The	develop a dancer. Has clearly
benefits of	can develop a	learner vaguely explains	explained how improvisation
improvisation. Not able	dancer. Able to	how improvisation can	can help in preparing for
to reflect meaningfully	reflect on some	help in preparing for	choreography. Able to reflect
on this activity and	aspects of this	choreography. Able to	meaningfully on this activity
shows no evidence of	activity and shows	reflect on this activity	and writes with evidence of
any practical	little practical	and writes with some	an excellent practical
knowledge of	knowledge of	practical knowledge of	knowledge of improvisation
improvisation and	improvisation and	improvisation and	and choreography.
choreography.	choreography.	choreography.	

[10]

QUESTION 3

(In this question you should NOT write about a dance from the prescribed list included at the beginning of the question paper on page 3.)

You have learnt about ONE dance form that is different from your own dance major. Refer to a specific dance within this other dance form to answer the questions that follow. Use the numbering below in your answers.

- 3.1 Name the dance you will be discussing. (You must be specific and discuss ONE particular dance that you have learnt about in LO4 Cross-cultural/Indigenous dance.)
- 3.2 Name the country or culture this dance originates from or would be found in.



- 3.3 Describe the dance and its meaning.
- 3.4 Explain what role the music/accompaniment plays in the specific dance you are discussing.
- 3.5 What did you learn from being exposed to a different cultural dance form?

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 3.

l	1 – 4 WEAK	5-8 ADEQUATE	9 – 12 GOOD	13 – 15 OUTSTANDING
	1 – 4 WEAK Learner is able to identify the country or culture where the selected dance originates. Demonstrates minimal knowledge of the cultural meaning of this dance and the role of music in the selected dance. Facts are minimal and show little understanding of this dance and its culture.	Learner is able to identify the country or culture where the selected dance originates. Vaguely explains the role of the music or accompaniment in the selected dance. Shows no knowledge of the cultural meaning of this dance to the participants and audience. Facts are vague but show some understanding of this dance and its culture.	Leaner is able to identify the country or culture where the selected dance originates. Explains the role of the music or accompaniment in the selected dance. Vaguely explains the cultural meaning of this dance to the participants and the audience. Able to apply understanding of this dance and its culture.	Learner is able to identify the country or culture where the selected dance originates. Explains with understanding the role of the music or accompaniment in the selected dance. Can clearly describe the cultural meaning of this dance to the participants and the audience. Able to clearly explain personal experiences during the process of learning this dance. Able to analyse, evaluate, apply and show insightful understanding of

[15]



Choreographers use symbolism to communicate with the audience.

Refer to any ONE of the INTERNATIONAL dance works that you have studied (from the prescribed list on page 3). Answer the questions below. Name the dance work and choreographer that you are referring to.

- 4.1 In your opinion, how did the costumes, lighting, sets and props contribute to the use of symbolism in the dance? Explain in detail.
- 4.2 Evaluate whether the movements and music symbolically communicated the intended message. Justify your opinion.

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 4.

1 – 2 WEAK	3-5 ADEQUATE	6-8 GOOD	9-10 OUTSTANDING
Learner is unable to	Learner can vaguely	Learner is able to	Learner is able to clearly
explain how	explain how	explain how movement	explain in detail how movement
movement and music	movement and music	and music are used to	and music are used to
are used to symbolise	are used to symbolise	symbolise the	symbolise the choreographer's
the choreographer's	the choreographer's	choreographer's ideas.	ideas. Able to describe with
ideas. Unable to	ideas. Vaguely	Able to describe how	clarity how costumes, sets and
describe how	describes how	costumes, sets and	props contributed to
costumes, sets and	costumes, sets and	props contributed to	symbolism. Able to justify and
props contributed to	props contributed to	symbolism.	substantiate opinions in the
symbolism.	symbolism.	-	answer.

[10]



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QUESTION 5

Choose TWO choreographers from the prescribed list (listed at the beginning of the question paper on page 3). ONE choreographer must be **South African** and ONE choreographer must be **International**.

Discuss the TWO choreographers that you have chosen and comment on the factors below. Name the two choreographers you are using in your answer. Use the numbering system below in your answers.

- 5.1 Describe the two choreographers' dance training and what influenced their styles.
- 5.2 Outline the two choreographers' professional careers.
- 5.3 Compare the two choreographers' choice of subject matter and the dance styles they use in their works.

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 5.

1-6 WEAK	7 – 11 ADEQUATE	12 – 16 GOOD	17 – 20 OUTSTANDING
The answer reflects very	Attempted to describe	Described the two	Described in detail the two
little understanding of	the two choreographers'	choreographers' dance	choreographers' dance
the selected	dance training and	training and professional	training and professional
choreographers' styles,	professional careers,	careers while leaving out	careers. Described the
careers and subject	while showing minimal	some information. Can	influences on their styles
matter. The style of	understanding and	describe the influences	with clarity and
writing is very basic and	knowledge. Knowledge	on their styles with some	understanding. Compared
hard to follow with no	on the influences on	understanding.	the two choreographers'
comparison of the	their styles is limited.	Compared the	choice of subject matter with
selected	There is some confusion	choreographers' choice	clarity and detail. Answer is
choreographers.	on the choreographers'	of subject matter, leaving	well written with depth and
	subject matter. The style	out some information.	understanding. Learner is
	of writing is disjointed	The style of writing	able to correctly apply
	and shows confusion	shows some clarity and	his/her knowledge of the
	between the selected	understanding.	choreographers.
	choreographers.		

[20]

TOTAL SECTION A: 70



SECTION B: MUSIC THEORY

Choose ONE dance work (from the prescribed list on page 3 at the beginning of the question paper) and identify the relationship between the music and the dance. Use the numbering below in your answer.

- Name the title of the dance work and the composer of the music used in the work.
- Analyse the relationship between the music and the dance used in the work. Include the following in your answer:
 - The types of musical instruments/accompaniment used and their/its relationship to the dance
 - The music genre and its relationship to the dance and its movements

THE MARKING RUBRIC BELOW IS GIVEN TO GUIDE YOUR ANSWERS IN QUESTION 6.

1 – 2 WEAK	3-4 ADEQUATE	5 GOOD	6 OUTSTANDING
Cannot identify the	Able to identify the	Able to identify the	Able to identify the
composer of the	composer of the	composer of the	composer of the
selected dance work.	selected dance work.	selected dance work.	selected dance work.
Cannot identify the	Able to vaguely identify	Able to identify and	Able to identify and
relationship of the music	the relationship of the	explain the relevant	explain in detail the
genre to the dance work.	music genre to the	relationship of the music	relevant relationship of
Able to identify the types	dance. Able to identify	genre to the dance,	the music genre to the
of musical instruments/	the types of musical	leaving out some	dance. Able to identify
accompaniment used,	instruments/	information. Able to	the types of musical
but could not explain	accompaniment used,	identify some of the	instruments/
their relationship to the	but cannot explain their	types of musical	accompaniment used
dance work.	relationship to the dance	instruments/	and explain in detail their
	work.	accompaniment used	relationship to the dance
		and explain their	work.
		relationship to the dance	
		work.	

[6]

QUESTION 7

Study the music piece below and answer the questions that follow.



- 7.1 Name the time signature for the given music piece.
- 7.2 Complete the music bar with a suitable musical note.
- 7.3 Complete the music bar with a suitable musical note.
- 7.4 Complete the music bar with a suitable musical note.

[4]

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8.1	What does simple time mean? Give an example.	(2)
8.2	What does compound time mean? Give an example.	(2)
8.3	What does the word rest mean in music?	(1)
8.4	What does the word <i>polyphonic</i> mean?	(1)
8.5	Give an example of a musical instrument that would belong to the chordophone category.	(1)
8.6	Give an example of a musical instrument that would belong to the idiophone category.	(1)
8.7	What is the correct Italian musical term for 'slow and graceful'?	(1)
8.8	What is the correct Italian musical term for 'gradually getting louder'?	(1) [10]

TOTAL SECTION B: 20



SECTION C: ANATOMY AND HEALTH CARE

QUESTION 9

Use the correct anatomical terminology when answering the following questions:

- 9.1 The knee is a hinge joint. Give an example of another hinge joint. (1)
- 9.2 The shoulder is a ball-and-socket joint. Give an example of another ball-andsocket joint. (1)
- 9.3 Complete the sentences in 9.3.1 - 9.3.5 by using the words in the box below. Write only the word next to the question number in the ANSWER BOOK. Each word may be used once, more than once or not at all.

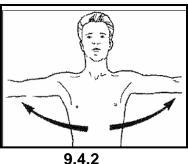
flexion; extension; abduction; adduction; rotation; dorsiflexion

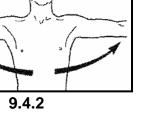
- 9.3.1 Raising the thigh directly forward is called ...
- 9.3.2 Bringing the toes up towards the shin is called ...
- 9.3.3 Raising the thigh backwards is called ...
- 9.3.4 Straightening the arm directly overhead is an example of ...
- 9.3.5 Bending the knee is called ...

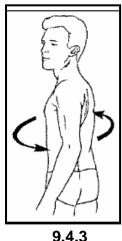
9.4 The diagrams below show some of the movements possible at these joints. Name the movement (indicated by the arrows) in each joint in 9.4.1, 9.4.2 and 9.4.3. Give the correct anatomical word.



9.4.1







(3)

[10]

(5)



10.1 Choose a component from COLUMN B that matches the definition in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A - F) next to the question number (10.1.1 - 10.1.6) in the ANSWER BOOK.

	COLUMN A – DEFINITION		COLUMN B – COMPONENT
10.1.1	Nutrients that provide the body with energy	Α	water
10.1.2	Nutrients that supply material for	В	fats
	growth and repair	С	carbohydrates
10.1.3	Nutrients essential for all body functions	D	proteins
		Е	vitamins
10.1.4	Nutrients that provide stored energy	F	fibre
10.1.5	Non-digestible material which adds bulk to food		
10.1.6	Organic compounds which help regulate chemical reactions in the body		

10.2 Explain the benefits of a good diet to a dancer's performance levels.

(4) [10]

(6)

QUESTION 11

11.1 What is good posture in dance?

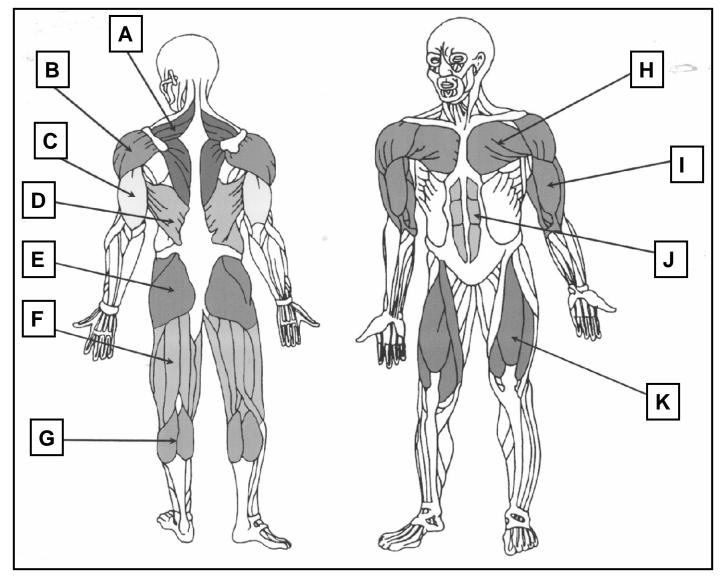
- (3)
- 11.2 Explain why it is important for a dancer to have strong abdominal muscles.
- (3)
- 11.3 Give a clear description of ONE exercise used in a dance class which would strengthen the abdominal muscles.
- (3)
- 11.4 Each dance major has its own unique and specific dance postures. Analyse in detail the required posture/stance for your dance major. Name the dance major that you are describing.

(5) **[14]**

- -



Label the muscle or muscle groups marked A - K in the diagram below in the ANSWER BOOK.



[11]

(5) **[15]**

QUESTION 13

- 13.1 Injuries can be avoided by using the correct dance techniques. Name FOUR other ways to avoid injury while dancing. (8)
- 13.2 In your dance major, discuss how a knee injury can be caused by poor technique. Name the dance major you are referring to. (2)
- 13.3 Discuss the immediate and ongoing treatment of the knee injury described in QUESTION 13.2.

TOTAL SECTION C: 60

GRAND TOTAL: 150

