

basic education

Department: Basic Education **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12



MARKS: 200

This memorandum consists of 15 pages.

Please turn over

SECTION A: SHORT QUESTIONS

1.1	1.1.1	D✓	LO 1 AS 12.1.2
	1.1.2	Av	LO 1 AS 12.1.2
	1.1.3	D✓	LO 1 AS 12.3
	1.1.4	B√	LO 1 AS 12.4.1
	1.1.5	C√	LO 1 AS 12.1.1
	1.1.6	A✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.3
	1.1.7	C✓	LO 2 AS 12.2.4
	1.1.8	D✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.2
	1.1.9	B✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.10	A✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.11	C√	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.12	D✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.13	A✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.14	C✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.1
	1.1.15	C✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.5
	1.1.16	D✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.3
	1.1.17	B✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.1
	1.1.18	C✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.5
	1.1.19	B✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.5
	1.1.20	A✓	LO 4 AS 12.4.4
			(20 x 1) (20)

1.2	1.2.1	Rainbow Nation√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
	1.2.2	stereotyping√	LO 4 AS 11.4.1	
			LO 4	
	1.2.3	xenophobia√	AS 11.4.2	
	1.2.4	customer relations√	LO 1 AS 12.1.1	
	1.2.5	Proudly South African√	LO 2 AS 12.2.3	
			(5 x 1)	(5)

1.3	1.3.1	G√	LO 3 AS 12.3.3	
	1.3.2	Cv	LO 3 AS 12.3.3	
	1.3.3	F√	LO 3 AS 12.3.3	
	1.3.4	E√	LO 3 AS 12.3.3	
	1.3.5	B√	LO 3 AS 12.3.3	
			(5 x 1)	(5)

1.4	1.4.1	Federated Hospitality Association of South Africa√	LO 1 AS 10.1.1	
	1.4.2	THETA ✓	LO 1 AS 10.1.1	
	1.4.3	To help tourism fulfil its potential by promoting and facilitating training and skills development. \checkmark	LO 1 AS 12.1.1	
	1.4.4	World Travel and Tourism Council√	LO 1 AS 12.1.1	
	1.4.5	Its main goal is to work with governments to make the tourism industry economically powerful. ✓	LO 3 AS 12.3.6	
			(5 x 1)	(5)

1.5	1.5.1	Western Cape√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
	1.5.2	Limpopo Province√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
	1.5.3	Free State√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
	1.5.4	Eastern Cape√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
	1.5.5	Western Cape√	LO 2 AS 12.2.4	
			(5 x 1)	(5)

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

SECTION B: TOURISM AS AN INTERRELATED SYSTEM

2.1	2.1.1	NDT✓ National Department of Tourism 	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(1)
	2.1.2	National Department of Tourism (NDT) \checkmark and the Tourism Business Council of South Africa (TBCSA) \checkmark	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.1.3	 Tourists will not return to South Africa if they continuously receive poor service. ✓✓ Fewer tourists means loss of income, revenue and jobs. ✓✓ South Africa's image abroad will be tarnished. Poor publicity via Word of Mouth (WOM) 	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(4)
	2.1.4	 Tourism product owners can send their employees for training. ✓✓ monitor, mentor, supervise, empower employees. reward employees for good work. give employees incentives. 	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.1.5	"it is visitors' experience in our country that will make them want to return or not." $\checkmark\checkmark$	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.1.6	 The South African tourism industry relies on return visits after the 2010 FIFA World Cup for future tourism growth and development. ✓✓ Service excellence during the 2010 FIFA World Cup can contribute to return visits. To be competitive, South Africa's tourism industry needs to be aligned with service delivery in the rest of the world. 		(2)
	2.1.7	Economic growth✓ Infrastructure development✓ Trade promotion✓		
		Job creation		(3)

		 Knowledge of a foreign language 		(2) [34]
	2.3.4	 Good command of the official languages.√√ Proper body language Speak clearly and audibly Speak confidently 	LO 1 AS 12.4.3	
	2.3.3	 the company she is working for can be identified it creates a sense of belong and uniformity amongst employees of the company. it creates a professional image for the company. 	LO 1 AS 12.1.3	(2)
	2.3.2	Boarding pass√	LO 1 AS 12.3.3	(1)
2.3	2.3.1	 Air transport ✓ Airport Airline Aeroplane, South African Airways, Helicopter 	LO 1 AS 12.3.3	(1)
	2.2.6	D√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.2.5	C√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.2.4	B√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.2.3	A√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
	2.2.2	E√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)
2.2	2.2.1	F√√	LO 1 AS 12.1.2	(2)

QUESTION 3

3.1	3.1.1 3.1.2	Yes / I agree \checkmark The conditions of service states that the employee can be required to perform "any other duties as the	LO 1 AS 12.1.3	(1)
		company require from time to time " \checkmark		(2)
3.2		e people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work in plishment that serve alcohol to paying customers. $\checkmark \checkmark$	LO 1 AS 12.1.3	(2)
3.3	Free sta	aff meals are provided daily. ✓		(1) [6]

TOTAL SECTION B: 40

SECTION C: RESPONSIBLE AND SUSTAINABLE TOURISM

4.1	4.1.1	 (a) economic√ (b) environmental√ (c) social√ 	LO 2 AS.12.2.1	(3)
	4.1.2	 Pillar A: Economic Fair wages and working conditions. ✓ ✓ All participants in the tourism business should receive an equal share of the profit. Businesses should provide training and empowerment of staff and employ local people. Business practices must be transparent 	LO 2 AS.12.2.1	(2)
		<u>Pillar B: Environment</u> Respect for human rights, culture and the environment $\checkmark \checkmark$		(2)
		 <u>Pillar C: Social</u> Stakeholders should be involved in decision making processes. ✓ ✓ Respect for human rights, culture and the environment. Businesses should provide training and empowerment of staff and employ local people. Business practices must be transparent 		(2)
	4.1.3	International trends: increased pressure from activist groups and individuals such as Greenpeace. South Africa needs to keep abreast of international changes if it wants to remain competitive as a country. \checkmark	LO 2 AS.12.2.1	
		 Consumer demands – consumers in general are demanding more 'responsible' products and transparency from organisations. ✓✓ Sustaining the tourism product for future use. There will be more business opportunities for the previously disadvantaged communities. In order to decrease the demand for scarce resources. 		
		It generates revenue for the country.It help to fulfil government's RDP goals.		(4)

	4.1.4	 Unequal distribution of profits √√ Retrenchment or job losses. √√ Excluded from the decision-making process Unfair working conditions Violation of human rights Lack of training and development of workers Being insensitive to the cultural needs of the community. Invasion of sacred sites or the demeaning of cultural ceremonies, which can result from tourism. Exploitation of natural resources 	LO 2 AS.12.2.1	(4)
4.2	4.2.1	 Both are emerging economies√√ rapidly growing tourism industries both are developing countries 		(2)
	4.2.2	 Dealing with poverty and economic development ✓ ✓ health issues and access to markets. ✓ ✓ Getting governments to commit to Agenda 21 Implementing Agenda 21 	LO 2 AS.12.2.2	(4)
4.3	4.3.1	 WWF√ World Wildlife Fund World Wide Fund for Nature World Wildlife Foundation 	LO 2 AS.12.2.2	(1)
	4.3.2	 Bigger vehicles such as 4x4 burn more fossil fuels ✓ and contributes to excessive amounts of greenhouse gases. ✓ Greenhouse gases are emissions that rise into the atmosphere and trap the sun's energy, keeping heat from escaping, thereby causing global warming. 	LO 2 AS.12.2.2	(2)
	4.3.3	 (a) Transport√√ (b) Large amount of travelling is required by the tourism industry and this involves various modes of transport. This result in large amounts of carbon dioxide emissions caused mainly by air and road transport √√ 	LO 2 AS.12.2.2	(2)
				[30]

	TOTAL SECTI	ON C:	40
	 There would be more exposure to target markets Makes the business more accessible to the tourists, increasing the profit. Tourists don't have to be in a particular province to visit the restaurant. 		(2) [10]
5.5	Businesses that use the trademark and name of the restaurant can combine resources to advertise the product. $\checkmark \checkmark$	LO 2 AS.12.2.3	
	• To be able to understand the cultural needs and meet the needs of the tourist. It also speaks of the intertwining and interconnectedness of people.		(2)
5.4	Ubuntu refers to generosity, friendship, care and compassion. \checkmark Ubuntu hospitality would mean providing excellent service thereby encouraging repeat visitation and improving the profitability of the company. \checkmark	LO 2 AS.12.2.3	
	 She changed her marketing strategy to include outside catering to other provinces franchising the business 		(2)
5.3	She reduced operating hours and adjusted the business plan. $\checkmark \checkmark$	LO 2 AS.12.2.3	
5.2	It gives the business a competitive edge. \checkmark Visitors will support the business because they know they cannot get the product and service elsewhere leading to increase in profit. \checkmark	LO 2 AS.12.2.3	(2)
	<u>Tourism service</u> Ubuntu hospitality ✓		(2)
5.1	Tourism product The Marung Restaurant ✓ • African Food • African Cuisine	LO 2 AS.12.2.3	

SECTION D: TOURISM GEOGRAPHY, ATTRACTIONS AND TRAVEL TRENDS

6.1	6.1.1	Jet lag. ✓✓		LO 3 AS.12.3.1	(2)
	6.1.2	Arrival	= 05:00 – 8hrs√ = 21:00 Mexican time√√	LO 3 AS.12.3.1	
			OR		
			= 21:00 10/06/10 </td <td></td> <td>(3)</td>		(3)
	6.1.3	Arrival in South Africa South Africa +2 +2 + -6 = 8 hrs. ∴ Mexico City is 8 hrs beh Mexico local time is 4:00 - Flight Time Departure Time		LO 3 AS.12.3.1	
		0.5	= 02:00 10/06/10√√		
		OR			(5)
	6.1.4	= 02:00 10/06/10 $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ Time of the opening cerer Start of the official openin S.A. +2 +10- +2 = 8 hrs \therefore Sydney is 8 hrs ahead Time Difference	nony g = 14:00 Sydney +10	LO 3 AS.12.3.1	(5)
		OR			
		22:00 (11/06/10) 🗸 🗸			(3)
6.2	6.2.1	 Taking anti malaria tablets Using mosquito repellent. Sleep under mosquito Wearing long troused closed shoes. 	\checkmark	LO 3 AS.12.3.3	(2)

6.2.2

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form. ✓

Paying a visa fee \checkmark

Two passport size photographs. ✓

12

LO 3 AS.12.3.3

NSC – Memorandum

Passport to be submitted with the application

	 Proof of a return flight ticket Proof of income Letter of invitation or proof of accommodation arrangements Letter from employer Yellow Fever Certificate 		(3)
6.2.3	A holiday visa is issued to people travelling to another country for holiday purposes while a transit visa allows a person to enter an airport of another country for a limited period on a forwarding journey to the final destination. $\checkmark\checkmark$	LO 3 AS.12.3.3	(2)
6.3 6.3.1	The number of foreign arrivals from Africa has decreased \checkmark from 756 614 in Dec'08 to 712 464 in Dec'09. The number of foreign arrivals from Overseas increased \checkmark from 202 705 in Dec'08 to 209 978 in Dec'09 7.273 (3.6%).	LO 3 AS.12.3.4	(2)
6.3.2	There are more foreign arrivals from Europe than from the Middle East. $\checkmark \checkmark$ South Africa is a more established tourism destination to Europeans than it is to visitors from the Middle East. $\checkmark \checkmark$	LO 3 AS.12.3.4	(4)
6.3.3	 SA Tourism needs to aggressively market itself in the Middle East. ✓✓ SA Tourism needs to conduct more research in the Middle East in order to meet the needs of the people. ✓✓ SA Tourism must encourage the various stakeholders to increase flights to and from the Middle East. Investment from the Middle East should be encouraged. 	LO 3 AS.12.3.4	(4)
6.4 6.4.1	(a) Germany. ✓	LO 3 AS.12.3.5	(1)
	(b) R 14 910√√		(2)
6.4.2	5 000 ÷ 0,59✓ = 8 474,58 MXN✓ OR 8 474,58 MXN✓✓	LO 3 AS.12.3.5	(2)

SECTION E: CUSTOMER CARE AND COMMUNICATION

7.1	7.1.1	Make use of translators. ✓✓	LO 4 AS.12.4.1	
		Use tourist guides who can speak the languageBuying a Spanish/English dictionary		(2)
	7.1.2	(a) The Soccer World Cup was a global event attracting many different cultural groups. Due to the diversity of cultural groups and their diverse needs, meeting all these needs have been difficult. ✓ ✓	LO 4 AS.12.4.1	(2)
		(b) Be proactive and find out in advance which cultural groups they will be dealing with. ✓✓		
		Treat everyone person with respect and dignity. \checkmark		
		 Ask guests and patrons if they have any special needs or requirements. 		(4)
	7.1.3	Culture specific needs are expectations and requirements that relate to a certain cultural group. $\checkmark\checkmark$	LO 4 AS.12.4.1	(2)
7.2	7.2.1	If tourists keep using the business, it will grow, earn more money, increase profit and more jobs will be created. \checkmark	LO 3 AS 12.3.5	(1)
	7.2.2	Customer trust will result in repeat visits. \checkmark	LO 3 AS 12.3.5	(1)
	7.2.3	Good word of mouth publicity and free advertising \checkmark	LO 3 AS 12.3.5	(1)
	7.2.4	 More funding available for development, expansion (franchising) of the business and training√ Increase in demand leads to the creation of entrepreneurship opportunities through outsourcing. More profits can make money available for incentives and rewards for employees which leads to a happier work environment and therefore better service delivery. 	LO 3 AS 12.3.5	(1)

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7.3	7.3.1	The customer can report bad service \checkmark and can expect action from the company immediately. \checkmark	LO 4 AS.12.4.2	(2)
	7.3.2	It gives the management of the restaurant the opportunity to be made aware of a problem or complaint immediately while the customer is still in the restaurant. $\checkmark \checkmark$	LO 4 AS.12.4.3	(2)
		It gives the management of the restaurant the opportunity address a problem or complaint immediately, while the customer is still in the restaurant. \checkmark This way the restaurant can retain the customer's loyalty. \checkmark		
		It gives the management of the restaurant a written record of the complaint for future reference.		(2)
	7.3.3	 By addressing problems and complaints immediately, customers are satisfied and this will result in customer loyalty and encourage return visits. ✓ Businesses will sort out their gaps in service delivery, which will result in providing better 	LO 4 AS.12.4.3	
		service.		(1) [21]

QUESTION 8

8.1	8.1.1 8.1.2 8.1.3 8.1.4 8.1.5	gatekeeper√ initiator√ motivator√ information seeker√ harmoniser√	LO 4 AS.12.4.4	(5)
8.2	8.2.1	 Provides 7-day - 24 hour service ✓ ✓ send fax or email solutions web self-service information received on the cell phone 	LO 4 AS.12.4.5	(2)
	8.2.2	 Extensive information on the organisation's websites √ √ website advertising PDA (Personal Digital Assistant) Cell phone advertising 	LO 4 AS.12.4.5	(2) [9]

TOTAL SECTION E: 30 GRAND TOTAL: 200